



Reflecting
Tomorrow

DYNAMO TINT

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



PRODUCT FEATURES

HOW DOES IT WORKS

Dynamo Tint Glass reacts to heat from the sunlight and helps to regulate the temperature of any environment. It is designed to manage a building's changing needs through out the day. Dynamo Tint Glass is able to respond to the surrounding environment. This passive approach significantly reduces the need for artificial lighting and cooling. Enhancing the occupant comfort, while significantly reducing energy consumption and cost incurred to cool the building.





Dynamo Tint Interlayer Film Specification

CE IC FC RoHS

Product Description		Dynamo Tint Interlayer film				
Part No	D1	D1				
	D2	D2				
Thickness		0.76mm				
Main Material		Special PVB and other material				
Appearance quality		Flat surface, no scratch, crease, uniform color				
Dot defect		Point defects with diameter $\geq 3\text{mm}$ are not allowed to exist				
		0.5mm < diameter < 3mm allowed 2 points per 200m				
		The point defect of diameter $\leq 0.5\text{mm}$ is not considered as defect, but if the diameter $\leq 0.5\text{mm}$ is dense, Each dense region is considered a defect with a diameter > 0.5mm.				
Geometric dimension	Thickness mm	0.76mm+/-0.02				
	Uniformity degree	Deviation of thickness between transverse and longitudinal arbitrary two points in 100mm distance. Less than 40 μm				
	Length	Not less than the tagged length				
	Width	Not less than the tagged width				
Surface roughness Rz		15~70				
Water content(%)		≤ 0.55				
Tensile strength(Mpa)		≥ 20.0				
Elongation at break(%)		≥ 200				
Haze (%)		≤ 5				
Heat shrinkage(%)		≤ 15				
Knock value		≥ 7				
Visible light transmittance ratio		Customized according to customer				
Ultraviolet transmittance		$\leq 0.5\%$				
Radiation resistance		The elongation at break and tensile strength of 2000H spectrum after irradiation are not more than 20% of the initial value.				
Color	0°C	$\Delta E > 1.5$, with 25 °C sample as standard				
	25°C	The L/A/B value is adjustable, the color difference of the same film is $\Delta E < 1$.				
	40°C	$\Delta E > 5$, with 25 °C sample as standard				
	60°C	$\Delta E > 10$, with 25 °C sample as standard				
	80°C	$\Delta E > 20$, with 25 °C sample as standard				